

# PAYMENT GATEWAY API

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## PAYMENT GATEWAY API

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## INTRODUCTION

This document is for merchants who are interested in accepting card, bank, invoice, payment plan, or e-wallet payments from their customers. The payments will go through our payment gateway, which redirects the customer to their bank, a card service provider, or a payment service provider, where the customer can complete the payment.

There are also other ways to integrate with Svea Ekonomi's payment services, like using a module or integration package, but those are described in other documents.

## INTEGRATION USING MODULES OR INTEGRATION PACKAGES

### MODULES

Svea Ekonomi has developed module plug-ins to a number of e-commerce platforms. For a shop that uses one of those platforms, this is the easiest way to get started. The list of modules can be found at <https://www.svea.com/se/sv/foretag/betallosningar/betallosningar-for-e-handel/tech-site>.

### INTEGRATION PACKAGES

To create a unified API for all kinds of payments, Svea Ekonomi has developed code libraries for PHP, Java, and C# that the merchant can import and call from their own code. These can be downloaded from GitHub at <https://github.com/sveawebpay>. Look for the repositories called php-integration, java-integration, and dotnet-integration. There is a button to download as a zip file for those who do not use git.

For card, bank, and e-wallet payments, the integration packages will communicate with the payment gateway. For invoice and payment plan payments, they will bypass the payment gateway and communicate directly with Svea Ekonomi's invoice and payment plan system.

## INTEGRATING WITH THE PAYMENT GATEWAY API

If the merchant wants more control of the integration, they can bypass the modules and integration packages and integrate with the payment gateway API directly by making HTTP requests.

URL to POST for **test payments** is:

<https://webpaypaymentgatewaystage.svea.com/webpay/payment>

URL to POST for **production payments** is:

<https://webpaypaymentgateway.svea.com/webpay/payment>

### THE HTTP PAYMENT REQUEST

Send an http POST request consisting of the following parameters:

HTTP POST	
<i>Parameter name</i>	<i>Description</i>
<b>merchantid</b>	Your Merchant ID
<b>message</b>	Payment information Base64 code XML-format
<b>mac</b>	Checksum

- merchantid - is the store ID that you received from your integrator.
- message - contains the Base64 encoded XML you have generated as described in the section The Payment Request Structure.

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• mac - includes the control numbers that have been developed in order to verify the sender of the call. In order to generate this you must have received a secret word from your integrator. See more under section MAC.

### Example:

```
<form name='form' method='post' action='https://webpaypaymentgatewaystage.svea.com/webpay/payment'>
<input type='hidden' name='merchantid' value='1100' />
<input type='hidden' name='message' value='Jmx0Oz94bWwgdMvyc2lvbj0iMS4wliBlbmNvZGluz0iVVRGLTgiJmd
0OyAKJmx0O3BheW1lbnQmZ3Q7IAombHQ7bWVzc2FnZSZndDsgCiZsdDtwYXltZW50TWV0aG9kZmJmd0O0tPUIQmbHQ7L3BheW1l
bnRNZXRob2QmZ3Q7IAombHQ7Y3VycmVuY3kmZ3Q7U0VLJmx0Oy9jdXJyZW5jeSZndDsKJmx0O2Ft
b3VudCZndDs3MzMwMCZsdDsvYW1vdW50Jmd0OyAKJmx0O2N1c3RvbWVycmVmbm8mZ3Q7dGVzdDEy
MyZsdDsvY3VzdG9tZXJyZWZubyZndDsKJmx0O3JldHVybnVybCZndDtodHRwOi8vbG9jYWxob3N0
OjgwODgvZXBheW1lbnQvcGF5bWVudCZsdDsvcmV0dXJudXJsJmd0OyAKJmx0Oy9tZXNzYWdlJmd0
OyAKJmx0Oy9wYXltZW50Jmd0Ow==' />
<input type='hidden' name='mac' value='df74ce933f1d367d4100b4d34ad6970760c6040e13d4
9b94b36bd81239c2c3a724435ab5dc4e1065c861944f9a1e56fa1f53f1cd22d71564e69d5256fba24d43' />
</form>
```

### THE PAYMENT REQUEST STRUCTURE

The call is structured in XML with the root element <payment>. It contains all information about the payment.

<payment>				
Element name	Content	Value	Format	Mandatory
paymentmethod	Payment method	See Appendix 1	AN(32)	
lang	Language on pay page	Supported languages: da, de, en, es, fi, fr, it, nl, no, pl, sv	AN(2)	
currency	Currency	ISO 4217 alphabetical upper-case (e.g. SEK)	AN(3)	Y
amount	Total amount in minor currency, including VAT	E.g. 1001	N	Y
vat	VAT in minor currency	E.g. 200	N	
customerrefno	Merchant ref.nr	Free text	AN(64)	Y
returnurl	Return URL	Free text	AN(256)	Y
cancelurl	URL to be redirected to if the customer cancels	Free text	AN(256)	
callbackurl	Callback URL	Free text, system configuration requirements are described in the Callback section in this document.	AN(256)	
subscriptiontype	Type of subscription	See recurring card payments	AN(64)	
simulatorcode	Desired statuscode. Only used for testing	E.g. 0	N	
externalpaymentref	Reference to be sent to card acquirer	Only characters a-z,A-Z and 0-9	AN(15)	
excludepaymentmethods	Methods to exclude	List of <exclude> elements	Complex type	

<b>customer</b>	Customer data	See Appendix 1	Complex type
<b>orderrows</b>	Orderrows	List of <row> element	Complex type
<b>payeralias</b>	Cellular phone number	E.g. 46701234567	N
<b>storedcardalias</b>	The alias for the stored card	GUID	AN(36) Y
<b>showstorecarddialog</b>	Allow customer to store carddetails for later use. Defaults to false.	e.g. true	Boolean

<lang>

The available languages are:

da – Danish, de – German, en – English (incl. USA), es – Spanish, fi – Finnish, fr – French, it – Italian, no – Norwegian, pl – Polish, sv – Swedish

If the <lang> element is not used, the value will default to the language used in the browser.

Please note that amount is in minor currency, including VAT. For example, if the currency is SEK, 1001 in minor currency equals 10.01 SEK. Also note that for the currency of Island, the smallest unit is 1 ISK, which becomes “100” in the xml.

Example: Suppose that the product price is 4 SEK, excluding VAT. If the VAT percentage is 25%, the VAT will be 1 SEK, so the total amount will be 5 SEK. The elements for amount and VAT will be:

<amount>500</amount>

<vat>100</vat>

The <simulatorcode> element is used in the test environment only. It is used to simulate a response code, e.g. 0, which means SUCCESS. In the production environment this element is ignored.

<cancelurl>

If this optional element is present in the XML, the cancel button shown on the payment selection page will redirect the user back to this URL. If no <cancelurl> is given, the URL specified in <returnurl> will be used instead. The customerrefno is added to the redirect URL as a GET parameter. E.g.

<http://www.testwebshop.com/cancel?customerrefno=ABC123>

<excludepaymentmethods>

This element holds a list of payment methods that are not to be presented as payment choices. Each payment method is contained in a separate exclude element.

<i>Element name</i>	<i>Description</i>	<i>Value</i>	<i>Format</i>	<i>Mandatory</i>
<b>&lt;exclude&gt;</b>	Payment method	See <a href="#">Appendix 1</a>	AN(32)	

Example:

<excludepaymentmethods><exclude>KORTCERT</exclude><exclude>SVEAINVOICEEU\_SE</exclude></excludepaymentmethods>

<externalpaymentref>

This optional element is only valid for the payment method SVEACARDPAY. It is a reference to be sent to the acquirer to be displayed on reconciliations reports. Please note that it may only contain characters a-z, A-Z and 0-9 with a maximum length of 15. If any other characters are given, or length exceeds 15 characters, the payment request will be rejected.

<payeralias>

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This element is only valid for the payment method SWISH and for SWISH it is mandatory. The payeralias elements contains the customers cellular phone number in international format. For more information, see chapter SWISH PAYMENTS.

### <storedcardalias>

This element is optionally used for the payment method SVEACARDPAY and SVEACARDPAY\_PF. The step where card data is entered is skipped if storedcardalias is used but 3DSecure authentication is still required.

### <showstorecarddialog>

This element is only valid for the payment methods SVEACARDPAY and SVEACARDPAY\_PF. If set to true a checkbox will be displayed on the card-payment page with a disclaimer stating that the customer can store their card in order to simplify upcoming payments.

## ORDER ROWS

Order rows are used to send information about the products. Each order row is represented by a row element <row>. Row elements are all contained in the element <orderrows>.

<b>&lt;row&gt;</b>				
<b>Element name</b>	<i>Description</i>	<i>Value</i>	<i>Format</i>	<i>Mandatory</i>
<b>name</b>	Product name	Free text	AN(256)	Y
<b>description</b>	Product description	Free text	AN(512)	
<b>amount</b>	Amount per item in minor currency, including VAT	e.g. 1001	N	Y
<b>vat</b>	VAT per item in minor currency	e.g. 200	N	
<b>quantity</b>	Quantity	e.g. 5	N	
<b>sku</b>	Article number	Free text	AN(256)	Y
<b>unit</b>	Unit	Free text (e.g. st)	AN(64)	


Please note that amount is in minor currency, including VAT. For example, if the currency is SEK, 1001 in minor currency equals 10.01 SEK.


**PAYPAGE**

To show our hosted pay page, where the consumer can choose their desired payment method, exclude the element <paymentmethod> from the request. Only payment methods that are available for the merchant will be shown. Also, only payment methods for which the payment is valid will be shown. E.g. payment plan methods will not be shown if the amount is too small.













**Example from the pay page, with some payment methods**


Pay later

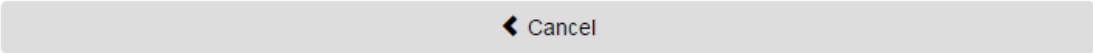
 PARTPAYMENT

 INVOICE

Pay now

 Amount 5,000.00 SEK

 Cancel



## PAYMENT RESPONSE MESSAGE

After performing the payment, the consumer is redirected back to the store's returnurl through a HTTP POST or a HTTP GET (a variation is when rescue payment is activated, see RESCUE PAYMENT for details). Please contact your premium user to choose the required response type.

The response contains the following parameters:

POST/GET Parameters	
<b>response</b>	PD94bWwgdMvyc2lvbj0iMS4wliBlbmNvZGluZz0iVVRGLTgiPz48cmVzcG9uc2U+PHRyYW5zYWNOaW9uIGlkPSI1MjM4NjliPjxwYXltZW50bWV0aG9kPkRCTk9SREVBU0U8L3BheW1lbnRtZXRob2Q+PG1lcmNoYW50aWQ+MTEwOTwvbWVvY2hhbnRpZD48Y3VzdG9tZXJyZWZubz5yZUdFUkdIUlJldGg8L2N1c3RvbWVycmVmbm8+PGFtb3VudD41MDAwMTwvYW1vdW50PjxjdXJyZW5jeT5TRUs8L2N1cnJlbnN5PjvvdHJhbnNhY3Rpb24+PHN0YXR1c2NvZGU+MDwvc3RhdHVzY29kZT48L3Jlc3BvbnNlPg==
<b>mac</b>	88cea01f3c1acfcbb40c532ea8be1b0027f77f7d92586619672720ac80d8c6f09bb0c51bbc8b07f2958d64633e36ee938a82fa532d393c0aaa297579829576f8
<b>merchantid</b>	1109

- response - Base64 encoded message (that needs to be decoded)
- mac – calculated mac (see section MAC)
- merchantid - your merchantid that you have received from the integrator

The response parameter contains the Base64 encoded XML message that contains a <response> root element. It contains information about the payment status.

<response>			
Element name	Description	Value	Format
<b>transaction</b>	Optional attribute id containing the Transaction ID	Complex type	Complex type
<b>statuscode</b>	Status of the payment request	See Appendix 1	N

The <transaction> element contains some values:

<transaction>			
Element name	Description	Value	Format
<b>paymentmethod</b>	Payment method	See Appendix 1	AN(32)
<b>merchantid</b>	ID of the merchant		N
<b>customerrefno</b>	ID given by the merchant	Free text	AN(64)
<b>amount</b>	Total amount in minor currency, including VAT	e.g. 1001	N
<b>currency</b>	Currency	ISO 4217 (e.g. SEK)	AN(3)
<b>subscriptionid</b>	Subscription ID (optional)	e.g. 2002	N
<b>subscriptiontype</b>	Subscription type (optional)	e.g. RECURRINGCAPTURE	AN(64)

Please note that amount is in minor currency, including VAT. For example, if the currency is SEK, 1001 in minor currency equals 10.01 SEK.

In some cases the transaction will not be assigned an ID. This happens when the payment page is used and, for some reason, the transaction is stopped at an early stage, before the payment method is chosen by the customer. These orders are discarded and will not show up in the transaction list in the admin GUI.

Subscription ID and Subscription type are only returned if it's a subscription payment.

### RESCUE PAYMENT

If rescue payment is activated for the merchant via a setting in the admin console, a payment that fails at the payment provider, or is cancelled by the customer, will result in a redirect to the PayPage instead of a redirect back to the merchant site. In this case, any selected or excluded payment methods are cleared from the original payment specification, and *all* active payment methods will be shown on the PayPage.

Initially, a cancel button is shown on the PayPage only if the merchant has configured a <cancelurl>, and the Cancel button will use this url. After the first failed payment, the Cancel button is always shown and will send the failure result to the <returnurl>, reporting on the last failure result.

Every new payment attempt will result in a new transaction, hence there might be several failed transactions tied to one <customerrefno>.

### CALLBACK

A callback is a message that is sent to the merchant. The sending of this message is initiated by the Payment Gateway.

- Certificates, if used on the merchants system, should be signed by well-known Certificate Authorities.
- The callback URL must use one of these ports: 80 or 443.
- The hostname that should receive that callback must be communicated to Svea Ekonomi for whitelisting.
- If the integrating party uses ip filtering, whitelisting or similar, ip range 193.13.207.0/24 must be allowed for incoming callback messages.

### CALLBACK, PAYMENT RESPONSE

This callback is an additional response message that is sent to the callback URL of the merchant, with the same format as the response message. It is always sent as a POST. It is for merchants who want to be sure to receive a response even if the normal response message has not been sent. This could happen e.g. if a user that has been redirected to a bank closes their browser before completing the payment, or before being redirected back to the merchant. It may take several minutes before the callback message is sent. If enabled, a callback is always sent, even when the normal response message has also been sent. Even though it is not necessary, we recommend everyone to use the callback functionality if possible.

If a callback URL was not given in the payment message, the default callback URL that may have been configured for the merchant will be used instead. If no callback URL has been given anywhere, no callback will be sent.

**NOTE:** If callback urls are set dynamically (in the payment request) then all domains/hosts used must be must be communicated to Svea Ekonomi for whitelisting.

### CALLBACK, STORED CARD ALIAS EXPIRED

A merchant who uses the store card functionality may choose to handle the callback with information about expired card alias, i.e. the card alias cannot be used for further payments.

The callback URL is configured on merchant level in the payment gateway.

The callback URL must not use other ports than: 80 or 443.

Certificates, if used, on the merchants system should be signed by well-known Certificate Authorities.

The hostname that should receive that callback must be communicated to Svea Ekonomi for whitelisting.

If the integrating party uses ip filtering, whitelisting or similar, ip range 193.13.207.0/24 must be allowed for incoming traffic.

**Example of XML structure:**

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<expiredcardalias>
  <storedcardalias>21ff4c0e-b398-42c3-9a60-f971dde92b95</storedcardalias>
</expiredcardalias>
```

## DIRECT BANK PAYMENTS

To redirect the customer to the homepage of an Internet bank, so that they can pay via that bank, use the payment method for that bank. For available banks, see Appendix 1.

### Example XML-message

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<payment>
<paymentmethod>DBNORDEASE</paymentmethod>
<currency>SEK</currency>
<amount>500</amount>
<vat>100</vat>
<customerrefno> unique_id</customerrefno>
<returnurl>https://webpaypaymentgatewaystage.svea.com/webpay-
admin/admin/merchantresponsetest.xhtml</returnurl>
<orderrows>
  <row>
    <name>ASUS P8P67 PRO Socket-1155</name>
    <amount>1000</amount>
    <vat>200</vat>
    <quantity>1</quantity>
    <sku>SK-54f-3S23-AB</sku>
    <unit>st</unit>
    <description>ATX P67 DDR3 3xPCIe(2.0)x16 CFX SLI SATA 6Gb/s</description>
  </row>
</orderrows>
</payment>
```

## SWISH PAYMENTS

The customer will be redirected to a page (with a spinner symbol) where the user is asked to open the Swish-app on the device where the app is installed and sign the payment. If the swish app is installed on the same device that was used for the payment the app can be opened directly by clicking a button "Open Swish".

On this page there is a Cancel button. If clicked the user will be redirected to the <returnurl> with the statuscode 149 which means PENDING. The payment is, at this point, in an unknown state. The customer will probably not proceed, but it is possible to do so since the payment will be active in the Swish system for approximately 5 to 6 minutes after it was created. We call this a pending swish payment.

The reason for this cancel button is to provide a way for the customer to get redirected to the <returnurl> so that the merchants application e.g can suggest alternative payment options.

After the interaction in the swish app is completed the customer will be redirected to the url in the element <returnurl> provided the page is not actively closed.

The SWISH payment method requires the <payeralias> element to be present in the payment request. The <payeralias> element contains the customer's cellular phone number in international format i.e. starting with country code followed by the cellular phone number, see below.

The <customerrefno> element is forwarded to the Swish payment system, to be used for reconciliation. The Swish payment system accepts only alphanumeric characters (A-Z,a-z, 0-9), and in case the customerrefno contains other characters, these will be removed before sent to the Swish payment system. The length supported is 34 characters.

In case the customer closes the web browser or clicks cancel on the page (as described above) the payment will be in a pending state. The merchant will not get the payment if the redirect flow is broken.

It is highly recommended to implement the callback when using Swish.

An example swish payment

### Example XML-message

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<payment>
  <paymentmethod>SWISH</paymentmethod>
  <payeralias>46701234567</payeralias>
  <currency>SEK</currency>
  <amount>500</amount>
  <vat>100</vat>
  <customerrefno>unique_id</customerrefno>
  <returnurl>https://webpaypaymentgatewaystage.svea.com/webpay-
  admin/admin/merchantresponsetest.xhtml</returnurl>
</payment>
```

## CARD PAYMENTS

The main way to make card payments is to use the payment method SVEACARDPAY. The customer will be sent to a webpage maintained by the card payment service provider, where the customer is asked to fill in their card number and details.



Pay with payment card.



Card number

Name

Expiry date  /

CVV2/CVC2  +

Amount due: **5.00 SEK**

I want to pay
Cancel

If the SVEACARDPAY payment is approved, it will get the status AUTHORIZED. After midnight it will automatically be given the status CONFIRMED (unless the merchant is configured for manual confirm). After it is confirmed, it is automatically sent to the card payment service provider for capture. If this goes well, it will reach the final status SUCCESS, which means that the money has been transferred.

SVEACARDPAY supports the following currencies: SEK, DKK, EUR, GBP, NOK, PLN, USD, CHF.

The currency used must be supported by the acquiring agreement.

To choose language on the card payment page, the element <lang> can be used. Available language codes are: sv, da, de, en, fi, fr, no, pl.

### Example XML-message:

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<payment>
  <paymentmethod>SVEACARDPAY</paymentmethod>
  <currency>SEK</currency>
  <amount>500</amount>
  <vat>100</vat>
  <customerrefno>unique_id</customerrefno>
  <returnurl>https://webpaypaymentgatewaystage.svea.com/webpay-admin/admin/merchantresponsetest.xhtml</returnurl>
  <lang>en</lang>
</payment>
```

## CARD RESPONSE MESSAGE

For card payments, the <transaction> element of the response message contains some additional information:

<i>Element name</i>	<i>Description</i>	<i>Value</i>	<i>Format</i>
<b>cardtype</b>	Type of card	e.g. VISA	AN
<b>maskedcardno</b>	Truncated card no	e.g. 444433xxxxxx3300	AN(32)
<b>authcode</b>	Authorization number at EDB	Free text	AN(10)
<b>expiryyear</b>	Card expiry year	e.g. 13	N
<b>expirymonth</b>	Card expiry month	e.g. 04	N
<b>storedcardalias</b>	The alias for the stored card	GUID	AN(36)

<storedcardalias>

This element is returned in case the customer has chosen to store his card details.

## RECURRING CARD PAYMENTS

Our card payment provider has the capability to store the card number of the customer so that it can be reused. There are two main cases when this is used:

- So that a customer who has entered their card number once can make further purchases at a later time without having to enter their card number again.
- So that money can be drawn from the card by the merchant at regular intervals. E.g. for a membership fee or for a subscription to a magazine or service.

The merchant has to be configured for recurring payments. To enable recurring payments for a particular customer, a subscription must be created. This is done by posting an initial transaction so that the customer can fill in their card number to be stored. Later payments can be created by posting to the webservice recur. To set up a subscription, add the element <subscriptiontype> to the XML body of the initial transaction. It can have one of these values:

### RECURRING RECURRINGCAPTURE

The merchant should use RECURRINGCAPTURE if they want the initial transaction to be captured, i.e. for it to be a real payment where money is transferred. In this case an approved initial payment will result in the "AUTHORIZED" status, to be confirmed and captured later.

The merchant should use RECURRING if they don't want the first transaction to be captured. In this case a successful initial transaction will result in the "REGISTERED" status, and it will never be captured. The money will be reserved by the bank, but the reservation will be dropped after a few days and no money will be transferred. With this scheme it is good practice to use a low initial amount, .e.g. 100 (in the minor currency), because it can be inconvenient for the customer if a large amount of their money is reserved needlessly. Here is an example of an initial subscription transaction:

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<payment>
<currency>SEK</currency>
<amount>100</amount>
<customerrefno>unique_id</customerrefno>
<returnurl>https://webpaypaymentgatewaystage.svea.com/webpay-
admin/admin/merchantresponsetest.xhtml</returnurl>
<paymentmethod>SVEACARDPAY</paymentmethod>
<subscriptiontype>RECURRING</subscriptiontype>
```

```
<lang>sv</lang>  
</payment>
```

If the initial transaction is successful, a subscription will be created. The corresponding subscriptionid is returned in the output XML body as <subscriptionid>. This ID is what the merchant should use when sending recur requests to our web service.

A successful recur operation that is made on the subscription will result in a normal SVEACARDPAY payment where the status is set to "AUTHORIZED", and it will be confirmed and captured later.

If no successful recur operation takes place, the subscription will become invalid after 12 months. Whenever a successful recur operation takes place, the subscription becomes valid for another 12 months.

### ACCOUNT VERIFICATION

When RECURRINGCAPTURE is used with the payment method SVEACARDPAY, it is possible to check if the customer's card is valid before trying to draw money. This requires that the merchant is set to allow account verification, and it is done by simply setting the amount to zero on the initial payment. The payment with zero amount will show up in the transaction list and, if successful, it will eventually reach the final status REGISTERED. Example:

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>  
<payment>  
<currency>SEK</currency>  
<amount>0</amount>  
<customerrefno>unique_id</customerrefno>  
<returnurl>https://webpaypaymentgatewaystage.svea.com/webpay-  
admin/admin/merchantresponsetest.xhtml</returnurl>  
<paymentmethod>SVEACARDPAY</paymentmethod>  
<subscriptiontype>RECURRINGCAPTURE</subscriptiontype>  
</payment>
```



### AUTOMATIC RECUR

Card subscriptions created with the subscriptiontype RECURRING or RECURRINGCAPTURE can be configured to draw money from the card periodically, e.g. once a month. This is done manually on the subscription administration page. Open the subscription, tick the box, and fill in the rest of the information, including the amount that is to be drawn from the card every time. Automatic recur can be turned off again by unticking the box.

### Administer subscription

Configure automatic debits

Activate automatic recur:

Interval between automatic debits:  MONTH ▼

Date for next debit:

Amount to be debited:

VAT:

Merchants who expect so many customers that manual administration will be impractical may implement their own code for calculating when recurs are to be posted to our webservice.

### PAYMENT FACILITATORS

A payment facilitator is a super merchant that can have sub merchants, and can handle card payment acquirer agreements for those sub merchants, to simplify the integration. At the time being, only two payment facilitators are planned to be set up, internally in Svea.

To make payments through a payment facilitator, one first needs a specific agreement for this. The payment is made using the payment method SVEACARDPAY\_PF, which is based on SVEACARDPAY, and the end customer will not notice any difference.

SVEACARDPAY\_PF requires a number of customer data fields in the customer element. See Appendix 1 for all available customer data. To begin with, one must provide at least one of firstname, or lastname, or companyname. The other required fields are: ssn, address, city, zip, country, and industrycode. If the customer does not want to supply their personal information, you can instead use the optional field unknowncustomer and set it to true. If unknowncustomer is set to true, the only required customer field is country. unknowncustomer is only supposed to be used in exceptional cases.

## INVOICE PAYMENTS – DEPRICATED

**NOTE this method is deprecated.**

Invoice payments are possible to five countries, using the following payment methods:

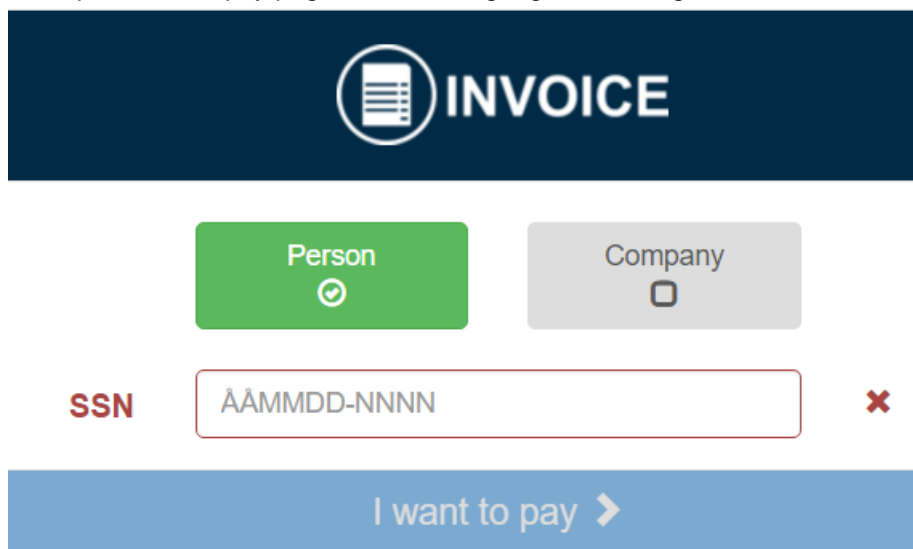
SVEAINVOICEEU\_SE - Sweden  
 SVEAINVOICEEU\_NO - Norway  
 SVEAINVOICEEU\_FI - Finland  
 SVEAINVOICEEU\_DE - Germany  
 SVEAINVOICEEU\_NL – Netherlands

Optional parameters			
<i>Element name</i>	<i>Description</i>	<i>Value</i>	<i>Format</i>
<b>customer</b>	Details about the customer. See Appendix 1		
<b>iscompany</b>	If the customer is a company. Defaults to false	e.g. true	Boolean
<b>addinvoicfee</b>	If Svea Ekonomi should add the configured invoice fee. Defaults to true	true/false	Boolean
<b>addressid</b>	AddressId from getAddress	Free text	AN

When calling one of these payment methods directly by specifying its name, e.g. SVEAINVOICEEU\_SE, the tag <customer> is required. It may contain parameters that are used to identify the customer. Which customer parameters are required depends on the country. For Sweden, Norway, and Finland, only ssn is required. For Germany, the following are required: ssn (birth date), firstname, lastname, address, housenumber, zip, city. For Netherlands, the following are required: ssn (birth date), firstname, lastname, initials, address, housenumber, zip, city. For Germany and Netherlands it is recommended to fill in as much information as possible to make it easier to identify the customer, since those countries do not have social security numbers. If the customer is a company, set iscompany to true. The parameters companyname, companyid, and vatnumber are optional, except for DE and NL payments, where vatnumber is required.

When not specifying the payment method name, and thus allowing the customer to choose one of these payment methods on the pay page, the tag <customer> is not always required, but recommended. In this case, the ssn tag is not required for Sweden, Norway, or Finland. If ssn is not given as a parameter, the customer has to fill it in. It can be filled in with or without hyphen. There is also a radio button which allows the customer to choose if they are a private person or a company. If they are a company, they can fill in their organization number instead of a social security number.

Example from the pay page, with the language set to English:



The screenshot shows a dark blue header with a white 'INVOICE' icon and text. Below this are two buttons: a green 'Person' button with a checkmark icon and a grey 'Company' button with a square icon. Underneath is a red 'SSN' label followed by a text input field containing 'AÅMMDD-NNNN' and a red 'x' error icon. At the bottom is a blue button with the text 'I want to pay' and a right-pointing arrow.

The country parameter in the customer element is not required, but recommended. If it is not included, it will be set automatically depending on the payment method. E.g. if the payment method is SVEAINVOICEEU\_SE and no country is given, the country will be set to SE.

**Example XML-message:**

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<payment>
<paymentmethod>SVEAINVOICEEU_SE</paymentmethod>
<currency>SEK</currency>
<amount>500</amount>
<vat>100</vat>
<returnurl>https://webpaypaymentgatewaystage.svea.com/webpay-
admin/admin/merchantresponsetest.xhtml</returnurl>
<customerrefno>unique_id</customerrefno>
<customer>
  <ssn>460509-2222</ssn>
  <country>SE</country>
</customer>
<orderrows>
  <row>
    <name>ASUS P8P67 PRO Socket-1155</name>
    <amount>500</amount>
    <vat>100</vat>
    <quantity>1</quantity>
    <unit>st</unit>
    <sku>SK-54f-3S23-AB</sku>
    <description>ATX P67 DDR3 3xPCIe(2.0)x16 CFX SLI SATA 6Gb/s</description>
  </row>
</orderrows>
</payment>
```

For example payments, see Appendix 2.

## INVOICE RESPONSE MESSAGE

For invoice payments, the <transaction> element contains additional information:

<i>Element name</i>	<i>Description</i>	<i>Value</i>	<i>Format</i>
<b>&lt;customer&gt;</b>	Information about the customer		Complex type

The <customer> element in the response message holds the following information:

<b>&lt;customer&gt;</b>				
<i>Elementname</i>	<i>Description</i>	<i>Value</i>	<i>Format</i>	<i>Mandatory</i>
<b>legalname</b>	Name of customer	e.g. Johan Testsson	AN(60)	
<b>ssn</b>	Social security number organization number	e.g. 460509-2222	AN(20)	
<b>addressline1</b>	Address	Free text	AN(40)	
<b>addressline2</b>	Address	Free text	AN(40)	
<b>postcode</b>	Zip code	e.g. 17233	AN(20)	
<b>postarea</b>	City	Free text	AN(25)	

## PAYMENT PLANS – DEPRICATED

**NOTE this method is deprecated.**

To create a payment plan, use one of the following payment methods:

SVEASPLITEU\_SE - Sweden  
 SVEASPLITEU\_NO - Norway  
 SVEASPLITEU\_FI - Finland

To call these payment methods directly, without redirecting the customer to the pay page, all of the elements <paymentmethod>, <customer>, and <campaigncode> are required.

The customer element may contain parameters that are used to identify the customer. Which parameters are required depends on the country. For Sweden, Norway, and Finland, only ssn is required.

Available campaign codes can be obtained via a web service method called GetPaymentPlanParamsEu described in a document called *Europe Web Service API*.

If the element <paymentmethod> is missing, the customer will be redirected to the pay page and has to choose a payment method. If ssn or campaigncode are also missing, the customer will have to fill in this information to use the payment plan payment method.

Example from the pay page:



Note that some campaigns may require a certain currency, or that the amount is within a certain range, or may have other requirements. If these conditions are not fulfilled for any campaign, the payment plan alternative will not show up in the pay page. E.g. if the currency is SEK, only SVEASPLITEU\_SE will show up in the list.

A payment plan cannot be created if the customer is a company.

Optional parameters			
Element name	Description	Value	Format
customer	Details about the customer		
addressid	AddressSelector from GetAddresses	Free text	AN
campaigncode	Used to choose a campaign	E.g. 213060	N

**Example XML-message:**

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<payment>
  <paymentmethod>SVEASPLITEU_SE</paymentmethod>
  <currency>SEK</currency>
  <returnurl>https://webpaypaymentgatewaystage.svea.com/webpay-
  admin/admin/merchantresponsetest.xhtml</returnurl>
  <amount>200000</amount>
  <vat>40000</vat>
  <customerrefno>unique_id</customerrefno>
  <customer>
    <ssn>460509-2222</ssn>
    <country>SE</country>
  </customer>
  <campaigncode>213060</campaigncode>
  <orderrows>
    <row>
      <name>ASUS P8P67 PRO Socket-1155</name>
      <amount>200000</amount>
      <description>ATX P67 DDR3 3xPCIe(2.0)x16 CFX SLI SATA 6Gb/s</description>
      <vat>40000</vat>
      <quantity>1</quantity>
      <sku>SK-54f-3S23-AB</sku>
      <unit>st</unit>
    </row>
  </orderrows>
</payment>
```

## PAYMENT PLAN RESPONSE MESSAGE

For payment plans, the <transaction> element contains extra information:

Element name	Description	Value	Format
<sveapaymentplannr>	The payment plan number at Svea		AN(256)
<customer>	Information about consumer		Complex type

The <customer> element in the response message holds the following information:

<customer>				
Elementname	Description	Value	Format	Mandatory
legalname	Name of customer	e.g. Johan Testsson	AN(60)	
ssn	Social security number organization number	e.g. 460509-2222	AN(20)	
addressline1	Address	Free text	AN(40)	
addressline2	Address	Free text	AN(40)	
postcode	Postal code	e.g, 17233	N	
postarea	City	Free text	AN(25)	

## PAYPAL PAYMENTS

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Before using PAYPAL the merchants paypal ClientId and ClientSecret must be sent to SveaEkonomi, and the merchant configuration must be updated accordingly.

## WEBSERVICES

Send a request consisting of the following parameters:

HTTP POST	
Parameter name	Description
message	Base64 encoded XML message
merchantid	Merchant ID
mac	Checksum

- merchantid - is the store ID that you received from your integrator.
- message - contains the Base64 encoded XML you have generated as described in the section the query request structure.
- mac - includes the control numbers that have been developed in order to verify the sender of the call. In order to generate this you must have received a secret word from your integrator. See more under section MAC.

### THE WEBSERVICE REQUEST

A request contains the three parameters: message, merchantid and mac. The message has to be Base64 encoded.

#### Example of a POST:

```
<form action="https://webpaypaymentgatewaystage.svea.com/webpay/rest/payment" method="post">
<input type="hidden" name="mac" value="dd57e26612b586a1d55efb91b3bc21902e3ae09499bf074d0c0624820fcdc61b243f24b4f3c9b1feac06ffd3cfe14fb8165a7c83d9fcd550196f7e7fb20e43c2" />
<input type="hidden" name="merchantid" value="1109" />
<input type="hidden" name="message" value="PD94bWwgdMVyc2lvcj0iMS4wIiBlbmNvZGluZz0iVVRGLTgiPz4NCjxjYXB0dXJlPg0KPHRyYW5zYWw0aW9uawQ+NTIxNjc3PC90cmFuc2FjdGlvbm1kPg0KPC9jYXB0dXJlPg==" />
<input type="submit" value="payment" />
</form>
```

### THE WEBSERVICE RESPONSE

The response contains the three parameters: message, merchantid and mac. The message is Base64 encoded. The contents of the message is different for different webservices.

#### Example of response:

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?><response><message>PD94bWwgdMVyc2lvcj0iMS4wIiBlbmNvZGluZz0iVVRGLTgiPz48cmVzcG9uc2U+PHRyYW5zYWw0aW9uawQ+NTIxNjc3PC90cmFuc2FjdGlvbm1kPg0KPC9jYXB0dXJlPg0KPHRyYW5zYWw0aW9uawQ+NTIxNjc3PC90cmFuc2FjdGlvbm1kPg0KPC9jYXB0dXJlPg==</message>
<merchantid>1109</merchantid>
<mac>70d118d8ff816fbc7244305ada2f335719dc5a680c91f00b88679b348f007ab5cec746d4fd7002e3bfc8b8a72c0f524fe28f2a9bd9efbc392fea8a8386625ae4</mac>
</response>
```



## ANNUL

The annul request can be used to cancel a payment before it has been captured. It can only be performed on card, invoice, or payment plan transactions having the status AUTHORIZED or CONFIRMED.

URL to POST for test requests:

<https://webpaypaymentgatewaystage.svea.com/webpay/rest/annul>

URL to POST for production requests:

<https://webpaypaymentgateway.svea.com/webpay/rest/annul>

### THE ANNUL REQUEST STRUCTURE

The call is structured in XML with the root element <annul>. It contains the transaction id of the transaction to annul.

<b>&lt;annul&gt;</b>				
<i>Element name</i>	<i>Content</i>	<i>Value</i>	<i>Format</i>	<i>Mandatory</i>
<b>transactionid</b>	Transaction ID		N	Y

#### Example of XML structure:

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<annul>
<transactionid>521677</transactionid>
</annul>
```

### THE ANNUL RESPONSE

The response is Base64 encoded. See the chapter WEBSERVICES for an example.

The Base64 decoded message contains a <response> tag.

<b>&lt;response&gt;</b>			
<i>Element name</i>	<i>Description</i>	<i>Value</i>	<i>Format</i>
<b>transaction</b>	Transaction ID	Complex type	Complex type
<b>statuscode</b>	Status of the webservice request	See Appendix 1	N

The <transaction> element contains an attribute id representing the Transaction ID. The element contains the following information.

<b>&lt;transaction&gt;</b>			
<i>Element name</i>	<i>Description</i>	<i>Value</i>	<i>Format</i>
<b>customerrefno</b>	Order ID	Free text	AN(64)

## CANCELRECURSUBSCRIPTION

This request inactivates an existing recur subscription so that no more recurs can be made on it.

URL to POST for test requests:

<https://webpaypaymentgatewaystage.svea.com/webpay/rest/cancelrecursubscription>

URL to POST for production requests:

<https://webpaypaymentgateway.svea.com/webpay/rest/cancelrecursubscription>

### THE REQUEST STRUCTURE

The call is structured in XML with a root element <cancelrecursubscription>. This element contains the subscription ID (not transaction ID) of the subscription you want to inactivate.

<b>&lt;cancelrecursubscription&gt;</b>				
<i>Element name</i>	<i>Content</i>	<i>Value</i>	<i>Format</i>	<i>Mandatory</i>
subscriptionid	Subscription ID		N	Y

#### Example of XML structure:

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<cancelrecursubscription>
<subscriptionid>1234</subscriptionid>
</cancelrecursubscription>
```

### THE CANCELRECURSUBSCRIPTION RESPONSE

The response is Base64 encoded. See the chapter WEBSERVICES for an example.

The Base64 decoded message contains a <response> tag.

<b>&lt;response&gt;</b>				
<i>Element name</i>	<i>Description</i>	<i>Value</i>	<i>Format</i>	
statuscode	Status of the webservice request	See Appendix 1	N	

## CONFIRM

The confirm request is intended for card transactions. It can only be performed on card transactions having the status AUTHORIZED. This will result in a CONFIRMED transaction that will be captured (settled) on the given capture date. Confirm is mainly used by merchants who are configured to confirm their transactions themselves. Otherwise the transactions are confirmed automatically.

URL to POST for test requests:

<https://webpaypaymentgatewaystage.svea.com/webpay/rest/confirm>

URL to POST for production requests:

<https://webpaypaymentgateway.svea.com/webpay/rest/confirm>

### THE CONFIRM REQUEST STRUCTURE

The call is structured in XML with the root element <confirm>. The <confirm> element contains the transaction ID of the transaction to confirm, as well as the capture date. The capture date tells when to capture the transaction. The date format used is the ISO-8601 extended date format, a.k.a. E8601DAw ("yyyy-MM-dd").

<b>&lt;confirm&gt;</b>				
<i>Element name</i>	<i>Content</i>	<i>Value</i>	<i>Format</i>	<i>Mandatory</i>
<b>transactionid</b>	Transaction ID		N	Y
<b>capturedate</b>	Capture date		D	Y

#### Example of XML structure:

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<confirm>
<transactionid>521527</transactionid>
<capturedate>2011-09-21</capturedate>
</confirm>
```

### THE CONFIRM RESPONSE

The response is Base64 encoded. See the chapter WEBSERVICES for an example.

The Base64 decoded message contains a <response> tag.

<b>&lt;response&gt;</b>			
<i>Element name</i>	<i>Description</i>	<i>Value</i>	<i>Format</i>
<b>transaction</b>	Transaction ID	Complex type	Complex type
<b>statuscode</b>	Status of the webservice request	See Appendix 1	N

The <transaction> element contains an attribute id representing the Transaction ID. The element also contains the following information.

<b>&lt;transaction&gt;</b>			
<i>Element name</i>	<i>Description</i>	<i>Value</i>	<i>Format</i>
<b>customerrefno</b>	Order ID	Free text	AN(64)

## CREDIT

The credit request can be used to return money to the customer. Only transactions that have reached the status SUCCESS can be credited.

URL to POST for test requests:

<https://webpaypaymentgatewaystage.svea.com/webpay/rest/credit>

URL to POST for production requests:

<https://webpaypaymentgateway.svea.com/webpay/rest/credit>

### THE CREDIT REQUEST STRUCTURE

The call is structured in XML with the root element <credit>. The <credit> element should contain the transaction ID and the amount to credit.

<b>&lt;credit&gt;</b>				
<i>Element name</i>	<i>Content</i>	<i>Value</i>	<i>Format</i>	<i>Mandatory</i>
<b>transactionid</b>	Transaction ID		N	Y
<b>amounttocredit</b>	The amount that you want to credit in minor currency	E.g. 1001	N	Y

#### Example of XML structure:

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<credit>
<transactionid>521527</transactionid>
<amounttocredit>100</amounttocredit>
</credit>
```

### THE CREDIT RESPONSE

The response is Base64 encoded. See the chapter WEBSERVICES for an example.

The Base64 decoded message contains a <response> tag.

<b>&lt;response&gt;</b>			
<i>Element name</i>	<i>Description</i>	<i>Value</i>	<i>Format</i>
<b>transaction</b>	Transaction ID	Complex type	Complex type
<b>statuscode</b>	Status of the webservice request	See Appendix 1	N

The <transaction> element contains an attribute id representing the Transaction ID. The element contains the following information.

<b>&lt;transaction&gt;</b>			
<i>Element name</i>	<i>Description</i>	<i>Value</i>	<i>Format</i>
<b>customerrefno</b>	Order ID	Free text	AN(64)

## GETPAYMENTMETHODS

This request is used to fetch a list of the payment methods available for the merchant.

URL to POST for test requests:

<https://webpaypaymentgatewaystage.svea.com/webpay/rest/getpaymentmethods>

URL to POST for production requests:

<https://webpaypaymentgateway.svea.com/webpay/rest/getpaymentmethods>

### THE GETPAYMENTMETHODS REQUEST STRUCTURE

The call is structured in XML and you need a root element <getpaymentmethods>.

<b>&lt;getpaymentmethods&gt;</b>				
<i>Element name</i>	<i>Content</i>	<i>Value</i>	<i>Format</i>	<i>Mandatory</i>

#### Example of XML structure:

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<getpaymentmethods></getpaymentmethods>
```

### THE GETPAYMENTMETHODS RESPONSE

The response is Base64 encoded. See the chapter WEBSERVICES for an example.

The Base64 decoded message contains a <response> tag.

<b>&lt;response&gt;</b>			
<i>Element name</i>	<i>Description</i>	<i>Value</i>	<i>Format</i>
<b>paymentmethods</b>	Containing an array of paymentmethod elements		array
<b>statuscode</b>	Status of the webservice request	See Appendix 1	N

The <paymentmethods> element contains the following information.

<b>&lt;paymentmethods&gt;</b>			
<i>Element name</i>	<i>Description</i>	<i>Value</i>	<i>Format</i>
<b>paymentmethod</b>	Payment method name	See Appendix 1	enum

## GETRECONCILIATIONREPORT

The getreconciliationreport request will return a list of the transactions that were captured or credited at a specified date or during a date span.

URL to POST for test requests:

<https://webpaypaymentgatewaystage.svea.com/webpay/rest/getreconciliationreport>

URL to POST for production requests:

<https://webpaypaymentgateway.svea.com/webpay/rest/getreconciliationreport>

### THE GETRECONCILIATIONREPORT REQUEST STRUCTURE

The call is structured in XML with the root element <getreconciliationreport>.

<b>&lt;getreconciliationreport&gt;</b>				
<i>Element name</i>	<i>Content</i>	<i>Value</i>	<i>Format</i>	<i>Mandatory</i>
date	Date	Ex: 2011-11-07	AN	Y

#### Example of XML structure:

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<getreconciliationreport>
<date>2011-11-07</date>
</getreconciliationreport>
```

If a span of dates are desired the structure will be:

<b>&lt;getreconciliationreport&gt;</b>				
<i>Element name</i>	<i>Content</i>	<i>Value</i>	<i>Format</i>	<i>Mandatory</i>
fromdate	Date	Ex: 2014-11-01	AN	Y
todate	Date	Ex: 2014-11-30	AN	Y

#### Example of XML structure:

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<getreconciliationreport>
<fromdate>2014-11-01</fromdate>
<todate>2014-11-30</todate>
</getreconciliationreport>
```

### THE GETRECONCILIATIONREPORT RESPONSE

The response is Base64 encoded. See the chapter WEBSERVICES for an example.

The Base64 decoded message contains a <response> tag.

<b>&lt;response&gt;</b>			
<i>Element name</i>	<i>Description</i>	<i>Value</i>	<i>Format</i>
reconciliation	An array of reconciliationtransaction types	Complex type array	Complex type array
statuscode	Status of the webservice request	See Appendix 1	N

Content of the <reconciliation> tag

<b>&lt;reconciliation&gt;</b>			
<i>Element name</i>	<i>Description</i>	<i>Value</i>	<i>Format</i>
reconciliationtransaction	Information about a reconciliationtransaction	Complex type	Complex type

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#### Content of the <reconciliationtransaction> tag

<b>&lt;reconciliationtransaction&gt;</b>			
<i>Element name</i>	<i>Description</i>	<i>Value</i>	<i>Format</i>
<b>transactionid</b>	Transaction ID		N
<b>customerrefno</b>	Merchant's referense		AN
<b>paymentmethod</b>	Payment method	See Appendix 1	AN(32)
<b>amount</b>	Amount in minor currency. + or -	Eg 1900 or - 1900	N
<b>time</b>	Time of the transaction	yyyy-MM-dd HH:mm:ss z	AN

## GETSTOREDCARD

This request is used to check if the alias of a stored card is valid. The alias can only be used to create payments if it is valid. If the alias is not used within a year, it will expire. Each time the alias is used, the expiry date is renewed, so that the alias can be used for a year from that point.

Please only use this web service if needed. Repetitive polling is not allowed.

URL to POST for test requests:

<https://webpaypaymentgatewaystage.svea.com/webpay/rest/getstoredcard>

URL to POST for production requests:

<https://webpaypaymentgateway.svea.com/webpay/rest/getstoredcard>

### THE GETSTOREDCARD REQUEST STRUCTURE

The call is structured in XML with the root element <getstoredcard>.

<b>&lt;getstoredcard&gt;</b>				
<i>Element name</i>	<i>Content</i>	<i>Value</i>	<i>Format</i>	<i>Mandatory</i>
<b>storedcardalias</b>	The alias for the stored card	GUID	AN(36)	Y

#### Example of XML structure:

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<getstoredcard>
  <storedcardalias>21ff4c0e-b398-42c3-9a60-f971dde92b95</storedcardalias>
</getstoredcard>
```

### THE GETSTOREDCARD RESPONSE

The response is Base64 encoded. See the chapter WEBSERVICES for an example.

The Base64 decoded message contains a <response> tag.

<b>&lt;response&gt;</b>			
<i>Element name</i>	<i>Description</i>	<i>Value</i>	<i>Format</i>
<b>statuscode</b>	Status of the request	See Appendix 1	N
<b>cardvalid</b>	Tells if the stored card alias is valid	true or false	Boolean



## LOWERAMOUNT

The loweramount operation is intended for card transactions having the status AUTHORIZED or CONFIRMED. It can be used e.g. if the merchant is unable to deliver all of the items that was ordered by the customer, and wants to lower the total amount to pay. If the <amounttolower> is equal to the authorized amount, the transaction status will change to annulled.

URL to POST for test requests:

<https://webpaypaymentgatewaystage.svea.com/webpay/rest/loweramount>

URL to POST for production requests:

<https://webpaypaymentgateway.svea.com/webpay/rest/loweramount>

### THE LOWERAMOUNT REQUEST STRUCTURE

The call is structured in XML with the root element <loweramount>. The <loweramount> element contains the transaction id of the transaction you want to annul.

<b>&lt;loweramount&gt;</b>				
<i>Element name</i>	<i>Content</i>	<i>Value</i>	<i>Format</i>	<i>Mandatory</i>
<b>transactionid</b>	Transaction ID		N	Y
<b>amounttolower</b>	The amount you wish to lower the transaction by.		N	Y

#### Example of XML structure:

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<loweramount>
<transactionid>521677</transactionid>
<amounttolower>2000</amounttolower>
</loweramount>
```

### THE LOWERAMOUNT RESPONSE

The response is Base64 encoded. See the chapter WEBSERVICES for an example.

The Base64 decoded message contains a <response> tag.

<b>&lt;response&gt;</b>			
<i>Element name</i>	<i>Description</i>	<i>Value</i>	<i>Format</i>
<b>transaction</b>	Transaction ID	Complex type	Complex type
<b>statuscode</b>	Status of the webservice request	See Appendix 1	N

The <transaction> element contains an attribute id representing the Transaction ID. The element also contains the following information.

<b>&lt;transaction&gt;</b>			
<i>Element name</i>	<i>Description</i>	<i>Value</i>	<i>Format</i>
<b>customerrefno</b>	Order ID	Free text	AN(64)

## PREPAREPAYMENT

The preparepayment request can be used to let Svea Ekonomi do the necessary pre-processing of a payment in advance. This allows the merchant to send the customer to the payment gateway through a HTTP GET instead of a HTTP POST. To complete the payment, the customer visits a certain URL containing the ID of the prepared payment. The customer can either be redirected to this URL by the merchant, or the merchant can give it to the customer, e.g. in an email, so that they can visit it themselves. A prepared payment is valid up to one hour after creation.

Preparepayment is not the standard method for creating payments, and should only be used when there is a specific reason to use it.

URL to POST for test requests:

<https://webpaypaymentgatewaystage.svea.com/webpay/rest/preparepayment>

URL to POST for production requests:

<https://webpaypaymentgateway.svea.com/webpay/rest/preparepayment>

## THE PAYMENT REQUEST STRUCTURE

The request is structured in XML and you need a root element <payment>. The <payment> element contains information needed to create a new payment.

Information needed is the same as in a request to our payment gateway except two additional required parameters.

Additional parameters				
Element name	Content	Value	Format	Mandatory
lang	Language according to ISO 639-1	Ex: sv	AN	Y
laddress	Customer's IP address		AN	Y

**Example of XML structure:**

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<payment>
<currency>SEK</currency>
<amount>1000</amount>
<vat>200</vat>
<lang>sv</lang>
<ipaddress>127.0.0.1</ipaddress>
<customerrefno>unique_id</customerrefno>
<returnurl>https://webpaypaymentgatewaystage.svea.com/webpay-
admin/admin/merchantresponsetest.xhtml</returnurl>
<ssn>460509-2222</ssn>
<orderrows>
<row>
<name>ASUS P8P67 PRO Socket-1155</name>
<amount>1000</amount>
<description>ATX P67 DDR3 3xPCIe(2.0)x16 CFX SLI SATA 6Gb/s</description>
<vat>200</vat>
<quantity>1</quantity>
<sku>SK-54f-3S23-AB</sku>
<unit>st</unit>
</row>
</orderrows>
</payment>
```

**THE PREPAREPAYMENT RESPONSE**

The response is Base64 encoded. See the chapter WEBSERVICES for an example.

<b>&lt;response&gt;</b>			
<i>Element name</i>	<i>Description</i>	<i>Value</i>	<i>Format</i>
<b>preparedpayment</b>	Information about your prepared payment	Complex type	Complex type
<b>statuscode</b>	Status of the webservice request	See Appendix 1	N

**Content of the <preparedpayment> tag**

<b>&lt;preparedpayment&gt;</b>			
<i>Element name</i>	<i>Description</i>	<i>Value</i>	<i>Format</i>
<b>id</b>	Prepared payment id	e.g 7	N
<b>created</b>	Date when the object was created	e.g. 2011-09-27 16:55:01.21	AN

When redirecting the customer to let them complete their payment, the prepared payment ID should be appended to the URL.

Example URL for a test redirect:

<https://webpaypaymentgatewaystage.svea.com/webpay/preparedpayment/123456>

Example URL for a production redirect:

<https://webpaypaymentgateway.svea.com/webpay/preparedpayment/123456>

## QUERY

Query is used to get information about a specific transaction. To do this one must know either the transactionid set by Svea Ekonomi, or the customerrefno that has been set by the merchant. These have different URL: s.

Please only use this web service when needed. Repetitive polling is not allowed.

URL to POST for test requests:

<https://webpaypaymentgatewaystage.svea.com/webpay/rest/querytransactionid>  
<https://webpaypaymentgatewaystage.svea.com/webpay/rest/querycustomerrefno>

URL to POST for production requests:

<https://webpaypaymentgateway.svea.com/webpay/rest/querytransactionid>  
<https://webpaypaymentgateway.svea.com/webpay/rest/querycustomerrefno>

### THE QUERY REQUEST STRUCTURE

The call is structured in XML and you need a root element <query>. The <query> element contains either the orderid or transaction ID that you want to query.

Query based on the order ID:

<query>				
Element name	Content	Value	Format	Mandatory
customerrefno	Order ID		AN(32)	Y

#### Example:

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<query>
<customerrefno>temping1238u96896</customerrefno>
</query>
```

Query based on the transaction ID

<query>				
Element name	Content	Value	Format	Mandatory
transactionid	Transaction ID		N	Y

#### Example:

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<query>
<transactionid>521527</transactionid>
</query>
```

### THE QUERY RESPONSE

The response is Base64 encoded. See the chapter WEBSERVICES for an example.

The Base64 decoded message contains a <response> tag.

<response>			
Element name	Description	Value	Format
transaction	Transaction ID	Complex type	Complex type
statuscode	Status of the webservice request	See Appendix 1 1	N

The <transaction> element contains an attribute id representing the Transaction ID. The element also contains the following information.

---

<b>&lt;transaction&gt;</b>			
<i>Element name</i>	<i>Description</i>	<i>Value</i>	<i>Format</i>
<b>&lt;customerrefno&gt;</b>	Order id	Free text	AN(64)
<b>&lt;merchantid&gt;</b>	Merchant id		N
<b>&lt;status&gt;</b>	Latest transaction status.	e.g SUCCESS	AN(32)
<b>&lt;amount&gt;</b>	Total amount in minor currency, including VAT	e.g 1000	N
<b>&lt;currency&gt;</b>	Currency	ISO 4217 alphabetic (e.g. SEK)	AN(3)
<b>&lt;vat&gt;</b>	VAT in minor currency	e.g. 1000	N
<b>&lt;capturedamount&gt;</b>	Captured amount	e.g. 1000	N
<b>&lt;authorizedamount&gt;</b>	Authorized amount	e.g. 1000	N
<b>&lt;created&gt;</b>	Timestamp when transaction was created	e.g. 2011-09-27 16:55:01.21	
<b>&lt;creditstatus&gt;</b>	Status of the last credit attempt		AN(32)
<b>&lt;creditedamount&gt;</b>	Total amount that has been credited	e.g. 1000	N
<b>&lt;merchantresponsecode&gt;</b>	Last statuscode response returned to merchant. See Appendix 1		N
<b>&lt;paymentmethod&gt;</b>	Paymentmethod. See Appendix 1		AN(32)
<b>&lt;orderrows&gt;</b>	Element containing <row> elements.		Complex type
<b>&lt;capturedate&gt;</b>	When the transaction was captured	e.g. 2011-09-27 16:55:01.21	

---

If you are querying a card payment you will get more information within the <transaction> element.

---

<i>Element name</i>	<i>Description</i>	<i>Value</i>	<i>Format</i>
<cardtype>	Brand of the card	e.g. VISA or MASTERCARD	AN(64)
<eci>	Enrollement status from MPI. If the card is 3Dsecure enabled or not.		N
<mdstatus>	Value calculated from eci as requested by acquiring bank		N
<expiryyear>	Expire year of the card		AN(4)
<expirymonth>	Expire month of the card		AN(2)
<chname>	Cardholder name as entered by cardholder		AN(100)
<authcode>	EDB authorization code		AN(10)

---

## RECUR

The recur request creates a new transaction from a subscription. (As we have seen, a subscription is created by making a transaction that has a subscriptiontype.)

URL to POST for test requests:

<https://webpaypaymentgatewaystage.svea.com/webpay/rest/recur>

URL to POST for production requests:

<https://webpaypaymentgateway.svea.com/webpay/rest/recur>

### THE RECUR REQUEST STRUCTURE

The request XML should have the root element <recur>. The <recur> element may contain the following elements.

<b>&lt;recur&gt;</b>				
<i>Element name</i>	<i>Content</i>	<i>Value</i>	<i>Format</i>	<i>Mandatory</i>
<b>customerrefno</b>	The new unique customerrefno	E.g. 10003	AN	Y
<b>subscriptionid</b>	The subscription id	E.g. 1005	N	Y
<b>currency</b>	Currency	E.g. SEK	AN	N
<b>amount</b>	The amount to recur in minor currency	E.g. 1001	N	Y
<b>vat</b>	VAT amount	E.g. 250	N	N

If the subscription type is RECURRING or RECURRINGCAPTURE, the currency for the recur request must be the same as the currency in the initial transaction. To avoid errors, the currency parameter can be omitted.

The amount on the recur request does not need to be the same as the amount on the initial transaction that created the subscription. It can be smaller or larger. VAT is not needed on the recur request.

#### Example of XML structure:

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<recur>
<customerrefno>10003</customerrefno>
<subscriptionid>2003</subscriptionid>
<currency>SEK</currency>
<amount>600</amount>
</recur>
```

### THE RECUR RESPONSE

The response is Base64 encoded. See the chapter WEBSERVICES for an example.

The Base64 decoded message contains a <response> tag.

<b>&lt;response&gt;</b>			
<i>Element name</i>	<i>Description</i>	<i>Value</i>	<i>Format</i>
<b>transaction</b>	Transaction details	Complex type	Complex type
<b>statuscode</b>	Status of the webservice request	See Appendix 1	N

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The <transaction> element contains an information regarding the transaction that was created as a result of the recur operation. The element contains a transaction id as attribute as well as the following information.

<transaction>		
<i>Element name</i>	<i>Description</i>	<i>Format</i>
<b>customerrefno</b>	Order ID	AN(64)
<b>paymentmethod</b>	Payment method	AN
<b>merchantid</b>	Merchant id	N
<b>amount</b>	Total amount in minor currency	N
<b>currency</b>	Currency	N
<b>cardtype</b>	Card type	AN
<b>maskedcardno</b>	Masked card number	N
<b>expirymonth</b>	Expiry month	N(2)
<b>expiryyear</b>	Expiry year	N(2)
<b>authcode</b>	Authorization code	N
<b>subscriptionid</b>	Subscription id	N



## STOREDCARDPAYMENT – DEPRECATED

NOTE - This service is not supported since 2019-09-15, use the storedcardalias field in http payment requests instead.

This call is used when the customer wants to make a payment with a card that has already been stored during a card payment. It can be used for the payment methods SVEACARDPAY and SVEACARDPAY\_PF.

For SVEACARDPAY\_PF, a Customer element is required, see the chapter PAYMENT FACILITATORS.

URL to POST for test requests:

<https://webpaypaymentgatewaystage.svea.com/webpay/rest/storedcardpayment>

URL to POST for production requests:

<https://webpaypaymentgateway.svea.com/webpay/rest/storedcardpayment>

### THE STOREDCARDPAYMENT REQUEST STRUCTURE

The request XML should have the root element <storedcardpayment>. It may contain the following elements.

<b>&lt;storedcardpayment&gt;</b>				
<i>Element name</i>	<i>Content</i>	<i>Value</i>	<i>Format</i>	<i>Mandatory</i>
<b>currency</b>	Currency	E.g. SEK	AN	Y
<b>amount</b>	The amount in minor currency	E.g. 1001	N	Y
<b>vat</b>	Vat in minor currency	E.g. 200	N	
<b>paymentmethod</b>	Payment method	See Appendix 1	AN(32)	Y
<b>customerrefno</b>	The new unique customer refno	E.g. 10003	AN	Y
<b>storedcardalias</b>	The alias for the stored card	GUID	AN(36)	Y
<b>externalpaymentref</b>	Reference to be sent to card acquirer	Only characters a-z,A-Z and 0-9	AN(15)	
<b>customer</b>	Customer data	See Appendix 1	Complex type	
<b>orderrows</b>	Orderrow	List of <row> element	Complex type	

#### Example XML (required elements):

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<storedcardpayment>
  <currency>SEK</currency>
  <amount>500</amount>
  <customerrefno>1477558565471</customerrefno>
  <paymentmethod>SVEACARDPAY</paymentmethod>
  <storedcardalias>21ff4c0e-b398-42c3-9a60-f971dde92b95</storedcardalias>
</storedcardpayment>
```

### THE STOREDCARDPAYMENT RESPONSE

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The response is Base64 encoded. See the chapter WEBSERVICES for an example.

The Base64 decoded message contains a <response> tag.

<b>&lt;response&gt;</b>			
<i>Element name</i>	<i>Description</i>	<i>Value</i>	<i>Format</i>
<b>transaction</b>	Transaction details	Complex type	Complex type
<b>statuscode</b>	Status of the webservice request	See Appendix 1	N

### Example of XML structure:

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<response>
  <transaction id="845957">
    <paymentmethod>SVEACARDPAY</paymentmethod>
    <merchantid>1111</merchantid>
    <customerrefno>1477558565471</customerrefno>
    <amount>500</amount>
    <vat>100</vat>
    <currency>SEK</currency>
    <cardtype>MASTERCARD</cardtype>
    <maskedcardno>539212*****0533</maskedcardno>
    <expirymonth>12</expirymonth>
    <expiryyear>26</expiryyear>
    <authcode>639707</authcode>
  </transaction>
  <statuscode>0</statuscode>
</response>
```

## MAC

In this context, MAC stands for Message Authentication Key. In order to verify a request, the merchant needs to create a MAC-string for each request (payment or webservice).

The MAC is calculated by taking the Base64 encoded XML string and appending the "secret word". Hash the resulting string by using SHA-512.

## FORMULA

MAC = SHA512Hash(Base64Encoded(xmlMessage) + secretWord);

### Step 1

#### Example of XML-message:

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<payment>
<paymentmethod>DBNORDEASE</paymentmethod><currency>SEK</currency>
<returnurl>https://webpaypaymentgatewaystage.svea.com/webpay-
admin/admin/merchantresponsetest.shtml</returnurl>
<amount>50001</amount><customerrefno>testingnrglkjhohjf</customerrefno>
</payment>
```

### Step 2

#### Example of Base64 encoded XML-message

```
PD94bWwgdmVyc2lvbj0iMS4wIjBlbmNvZGluc290iVVRGLTgiPz4gPHBheW1lbnQ+IDxwYXltZW50b
WV0aG9kPkRCTk9SREVBU0U8L3BheW1lbnRtZXRob2Q+PGN1cnJlbnN5PINFSzwvY3VycmVuY
3k+IDxyZXR1cm51cmw+aHR0cHM6Ly90ZXN0LnN2ZWFla29ub21pLnNIL3diYnBheS1hZG1pbi9hZ
G1pbi9tZXJjaGFudHJlc3BvbWVycmVudGVzdC54aHRtbDwvcmV0dXJudXJsPiA8YW1vdW50PjUwMDAxP
C9hbW91bnQ+PGN1c3RvbWVycmVmbm8+dGVzdGluZ25yZ2xramhob2hqZjwvY3VzdG9tZXJyZW
Zubz4gPC9wYXltZW50Pg==
```

### Step 3

#### Example of 'secret word' received from your integrator:

```
df74ce933f1d367d4100b4d34ad6970760c6040e13d49b94b36bd81239c2c3a724435ab5dc4e1065c86
1944f9a1e56fa1f53f1cd22d71564e69d5256fba24d43
```

### Step 4

#### Example of generated MAC value:

```
6ebd5713546951f69f405b65768d3ce4aa9bd7dc77ecb7c9928ed64073cc0d384d8f6cf4eb5c199b5ba9
57fb2dcc0cb93c7eaf76759a7688726ca4a6216d4ff5
```

## APPENDIX 1

### PAYMENT METHODS

Payment method	Description
<b>DBAKTIAFI</b>	Bank payments, Aktia, Finland
<b>DBALANDSBANKENFI</b>	Bank payments, Alandsbanken, Finland
<b>DBDANSKEBANKSE</b>	Bank payments, Danske Bank, Sweden
<b>DBNORDEAFI</b>	Bank payments, Nordea, Finland
<b>DBNORDEASE</b>	Bank payments, Nordea, Sweden
<b>DBPOHJOLAFI</b>	Bank payments, OP-Pohjola, Finland
<b>DBSAMPOFI</b>	Bank payments, Sampo (Danske Bank), Finland
<b>DBSEBSE</b>	Bank payments, private, SEB, Sweden
<b>DBSEBFTGSE</b>	Bank payments, corporate, SEB, Sweden
<b>DBSHBFI</b>	Bank payments, Handelsbanken, Finland
<b>DBSHBSE</b>	Bank payments, Handelsbanken, Sweden
<b>DBSPANKKIFI</b>	Bank payments, S-Pankki, Finland
<b>DBSWEDBANKSE</b>	Bank payments, Swedbank, Sweden
<b>DBTAIOLAFI</b>	Bank payments, Tapiola, Finland
<b>KORTCERT</b>	Card payments, Certitrade
<b>PAYPAL</b>	PayPal
<b>SVEAINVOICEEU_NO</b>	Invoice payments, Svea Ekonomi, Norway
<b>SVEAINVOICEEU_SE</b>	Invoice payments, Svea Ekonomi, Sweden
<b>SVEASPLITEU_NO</b>	Payment plans, Svea Ekonomi, Norway
<b>SVEASPLITEU_SE</b>	Payment plans, Svea Ekonomi, Sweden
<b>SVEACARDPAY</b>	Card payments, Svea Ekonomi
<b>SVEACARDPAY_PF</b>	SVEACARDPAY via a payment facilitator
<b>SWISH</b>	Bank payments, Sweden

## WEBSERVICES PER PAYMENT METHOD

	annul	confirm	credit	loweramount	query	recur
DBAKTIAFI						
DBALANDBANKENFI						
DBDANSKEBANKSE			X		X	
DBNORDEAFI			X		X	
DBNORDEASE			X		X	
DBPOHJOLAFI			X		X	
DBSAMPOFI						
DBSEBSE			X		X	
DBSEBFTGSE			X		X	
DBSHBSE			X		X	
DBSPANKKIFI						
DBSWEDBANKSE			X		X	
DBTAPIOLAFI						
KORTCERT (CARD)	X	X	X	X	X	X
PAYPAL			X		X	
SVEAINVOICEEU_DE	X		X		X	
SVEAINVOICEEU_DK	X		X		X	
SVEAINVOICEEU_FI	X		X		X	
SVEAINVOICEEU_NL	X		X		X	
SVEAINVOICEEU_NO	X		X		X	
SVEAINVOICEEU_SE	X		X		X	
SVEASPLITEU_DE	X				X	
SVEASPLITEU_DK	X				X	
SVEASPLITEU_FI	X				X	
SVEASPLITEU_NL	X				X	
SVEASPLITEU_NO	X				X	
SVEASPLITEU_SE	X				X	
SVEACARDPAY (CARD)	X	X	X	X	X	X
SVEACARDPAY_PF	X	X	X	X	X	
SWISH			X		X	

## INDEPENDENT WEBSERVICES

These webservices are not tied to any particular payment method:

getpaymentmethods  
getreconciliationreport  
preparepayment

## THE CUSTOMER ELEMENT

For any payment method, the shop may add a customer element to the payment message. For some payment methods this is required, e.g. for invoices, payment plans and PayPal. In most cases it is unnecessary, e.g. for card and direct bank payments.

The customer element may contain the following parameters:

<b>&lt;customer&gt;</b>				
<b>Element name</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Value</b>	<b>Format</b>	<b>Mandatory</b>
<b>ssn</b>	Social security number or organization number	e.g. 123456-7890	AN(13)	
<b>firstname</b>	First name of customer	Free text	AN(128)	
<b>lastname</b>	Last name of customer	Free text	AN(128)	
<b>initials</b>	Initials of customer	Free text	AN(32)	
<b>address</b>	Address	Free text	AN(256)	
<b>address2</b>	c/o	Free text	AN(256)	
<b>houenumber</b>	House number	Free text	AN(32)	
<b>zip</b>	Postal code	e.g. 12345	N	
<b>city</b>	City	Free text	AN(45)	
<b>country</b>	Country code	e.g. SE	AN(45)	
<b>phone</b>	Phone number	e.g. 555-123456	AN(45)	
<b>email</b>	Email	Free text	AN(256)	
<b>companyname</b>	Use if customer is company	Free text	AN(128)	
<b>companyid</b>	Id of the company		N	
<b>vatnumber</b>	Vat number of the company	e.g. DE123456789	AN(32)	
<b>industrycode</b>	Activity classification. For government use 99998, private person use 99999.	e.g. 47523	N	
<b>iscompany</b>	If the customer is a company. Defaults to false	e.g. true	Boolean	
<b>unknowncustomer</b>	Used mostly on payment facilitator payments	e.g. true	Boolean	

## TRANSACTION STATUS

Below are all possible states that a transaction can be in. During the lifetime of a transaction, the status may change many times, most often ending up as either SUCCESS or FAILED.

The status can be obtained in several different ways, e.g. by looking in the Transaction Details window, or by making a request to the query webservice. The range of possible statuses for a specific transaction depends on its payment method.

Status
NEW
RECEIVED
INVALID
VALID
PENDING
PENDINGRECUR
RESPONSE_RECEIVED
FAILED
CANCELLED
REGISTERED
AUTHORIZED
CONFIRMED
ANNULLED
CAPTENDING
CAPTFAILED
SUCCESS
ERROR

## STATUS CODES

Status codes are also used in the response message to webservice calls, to convey the result. A webservice call that was successful will have the statuscode SUCCESS in the response message. If the call failed, another status code will be given to act as an error code.

Another way to view status codes is to see them as extra information that clarifies the status of a transaction. All but one of them are error codes and those will most often be seen together with the status FAILED, to explain what went wrong. A transaction with the status SUCCESS will most often have the status code SUCCESS.

Code	Name	Description
0	SUCCESS	Request performed successfully
1	REQUIRES_MANUAL_REVIEW	Request performed successfully but requires manual review by merchant
100	INTERNAL_ERROR	Internal system error
101	XMLPARSEFAIL	Invalid XML
102	ILLEGAL_ENCODING	Invalid encoding
104	ILLEGAL_URL	Invalid URL
105	ILLEGAL_TRANSACTIONSTATUS	Invalid transaction status
106	EXTERNAL_ERROR	Failure at third party e.g. the bank
107	DENIED_BY_BANK	Transaction rejected by bank
108	CANCELLED	Transaction cancelled
110	ILLEGAL_TRANSACTIONID	Invalid transaction ID
111	MERCHANT_NOT_CONFIGURED	Merchant not configured
112	MERCHANT_NOT_CONFIGURED_AT_BANK	Merchant not configured at bank

<b>113</b>	<b>PAYMENTMETHOD_NOT_CONFIGURED</b>	Payment method not configured for merchant
<b>114</b>	<b>TIMEOUT_AT_BANK</b>	Timeout at bank
<b>115</b>	<b>MERCHANT_NOT_ACTIVE</b>	The merchant is inactivated
<b>116</b>	<b>PAYMENTMETHOD_NOT_ACTIVE</b>	The payment method is inactivated
<b>117</b>	<b>ILLEGAL_AUTHORIZED_AMOUNT</b>	Amount cannot be authorized
<b>118</b>	<b>ILLEGAL_CAPTURED_AMOUNT</b>	Amount cannot be captured
<b>119</b>	<b>ILLEGAL_CREDITED_AMOUNT</b>	Amount cannot be credited
<b>124</b>	<b>EXCEEDS_AMOUNT_LIMIT</b>	Amount exceeds the limit
<b>126</b>	<b>TRANSACTION_NOT_BELONGING_TO_MERCHANT</b>	Transaction does not belong to merchant
<b>127</b>	<b>CUSTOMERREFNO_ALREADY_USED</b>	Customer reference number already used in another transaction
<b>128</b>	<b>NO_SUCH_TRANS</b>	Transaction does not exist
<b>129</b>	<b>DUPLICATE_TRANSACTION</b>	More than one transaction found for the given customerrefno
<b>130</b>	<b>ILLEGAL_OPERATION</b>	Operation not allowed for the given payment method
<b>131</b>	<b>COMPANY_NOT_ACTIVE</b>	Company inactivated
<b>133</b>	<b>SUBSCRIPTION_NOT_ACTIVE</b>	Subscription not active
<b>134</b>	<b>SUBSCRIPTION_NOT_SUPPORTED</b>	Payment method doesn't support subscriptions
<b>135</b>	<b>ILLEGAL_DATE_FORMAT</b>	Invalid date format
<b>136</b>	<b>ILLEGAL_RESPONSE_DATA</b>	Invalid response data
<b>138</b>	<b>CURRENCY_NOT_CONFIGURED</b>	Currency not configured
<b>139</b>	<b>CURRENCY_NOT_ACTIVE</b>	Currency not active
<b>140</b>	<b>CURRENCY_ALREADY_CONFIGURED</b>	Currency is already configured
<b>142</b>	<b>NO_VALID_PAYMENT_METHODS</b>	No valid payment methods
<b>143</b>	<b>CREDIT_DENIED_BY_BANK</b>	Credit denied by bank
<b>144</b>	<b>ILLEGAL_CREDIT_USER</b>	User is not allowed to perform credit operation
<b>146</b>	<b>CUSTOMER_NOT_FOUND</b>	Customer not found
<b>147</b>	<b>AGE_LIMIT_EXCEEDED</b>	E.g. the transaction is too old
<b>148</b>	<b>BROWSER_NOT_SUPPORTED</b>	The browser version is too old
<b>149</b>	<b>PENDING</b>	The request is still being processed
<b>150</b>	<b>CREDIT_PENDING</b>	The credit could not be handled instantly. It is put in a queue it will be processed in due time.
<b>301</b>	<b>BAD_TRANSACTION_ID</b>	Invalid transaction ID
<b>303</b>	<b>BAD_MERCHANT_ID</b>	Invalid merchant ID
<b>304</b>	<b>BAD_LANG</b>	Invalid language
<b>305</b>	<b>BAD_AMOUNT</b>	Invalid amount
<b>306</b>	<b>BAD_CUSTOMERREFNO</b>	Invalid customerrefno
<b>307</b>	<b>BAD_CURRENCY</b>	Invalid currency
<b>308</b>	<b>BAD_PAYMENTMETHOD</b>	Invalid payment method
<b>309</b>	<b>BAD_RETURNURL</b>	Invalid returnUrl
<b>311</b>	<b>BAD_MAC</b>	Invalid mac
<b>316</b>	<b>BAD_CARDNUMBER_OR_CARDTYPE_NOT_CONFIGURED</b>	Card type not configured for merchant
<b>317</b>	<b>BAD_SSN</b>	Invalid ssn
<b>318</b>	<b>BAD_VAT</b>	Invalid vat
<b>319</b>	<b>BAD_CAPTURE_DATE</b>	Invalid capture date
<b>320</b>	<b>BAD_CAMPAIGN_CODE</b>	Invalid campaign code



<b>321</b>	<b>BAD_SUBSCRIPTION_TYPE</b>	Invalid subscription type
<b>322</b>	<b>BAD_SUBSCRIPTION_ID</b>	Invalid subscription ID
<b>323</b>	<b>BAD_BASE64</b>	Invalid Base64
<b>325</b>	<b>BAD_CALLBACKURL</b>	Invalid callbackurl
<b>326</b>	<b>THREE_D_CHECK_FAILED</b>	3D check failed
<b>327</b>	<b>CARD_NOT_ENROLLED</b>	Card not enrolled in 3D Secure
<b>328</b>	<b>BAD_IPADDRESS</b>	Provided IP address is invalid
<b>329</b>	<b>BAD_MOBILE</b>	Invalid mobile phone number
<b>330</b>	<b>BAD_COUNTRY</b>	Invalid country
<b>331</b>	<b>THREE_D_CHECK_NOT_AVAILABLE</b>	Merchant 3D configuration invalid
<b>332</b>	<b>TIMEOUT</b>	Timeout at Svea
<b>333</b>	<b>BAD_PERIOD</b>	The reconciliation period is invalid
<b>334</b>	<b>BAD_ADDRESS_ID</b>	AddressSelector is not valid for this CountryCode
<b>335</b>	<b>BAD_CUSTOMER_DATA</b>	The supplied customer data is invalid
<b>336</b>	<b>BAD_UNIT</b>	Invalid unit
<b>337</b>	<b>BAD_EXTERNAL_PAYMENT_REF</b>	Invalid external payment reference
<b>338</b>	<b>BAD_STOREDCARDALIAS</b>	Invalid stored card alias
<b>339</b>	<b>STOREDCARDALIAS_NOT_ACTIVE</b>	Stored card alias inactive
<b>340</b>	<b>STORED_CARDS_NOT_ENABLED</b>	
<b>341</b>	<b>ONLY_DEBIT_CARDS_ALLOWED</b>	
<b>342</b>	<b>TRANSACTION_ALREADY_IN_PROGRESS</b>	
<b>343</b>	<b>BAD_CANCELURL</b>	Invalid Cancel url
<b>344</b>	<b>BAD_SIMULATOR_CODE</b>	Invalid value for Simulator Code
<b>345</b>	<b>BAD_ORDER_ROW</b>	Invalid format for Order Row
<b>346</b>	<b>BAD_PAYER_ALIAS</b>	Invalid format for Payer Alias-Phone number
<b>347</b>	<b>BAD_SHOW_STORE_CARD_DIALOG</b>	Invalid value for Show Store Card Dialog
<b>500</b>	<b>ANTIFRAUD_CARDBIN_NOT_ALLOWED</b>	Antifraud - cardbin not allowed
<b>501</b>	<b>ANTIFRAUD_IPLOCATION_NOT_ALLOWED</b>	Antifraud – iplocation not allowed
<b>502</b>	<b>ANTIFRAUD_IPLOCATION_AND_BIN_DOESNT_MATCH</b>	Antifraud – ip-location and bin does not match
<b>503</b>	<b>ANTIFRAUD_MAX_AMOUNT_PER_IP_EXCEEDED</b>	Antofraud – max amount per ip exceeded
<b>504</b>	<b>ANTIFRAUD_MAX_TRANSACTIONS_PER_IP_EXCEEDED</b>	Antifraud – max transactions per ip exceeded
<b>505</b>	<b>ANTIFRAUD_MAX_TRANSACTIONS_PER_CARDNO_EXCEEDED</b>	Antifraud – max transactions per card number exceeded
<b>506</b>	<b>ANTIFRAUD_MAX_AMOUNT_PER_CARDNO_EXCEEDED</b>	Antifraud – max amount per cardnumber exceeded
<b>507</b>	<b>ANTIFRAUD_IP_ADDRESS_BLOCKED</b>	Antifraud – IP address blocked.
<b>600</b>	<b>SWISH_NOT_ENROLLED</b>	Payer alias is invalid, or payee not enrolled
<b>601</b>	<b>SWISH_REFUND_ORDER_NOT_FOUND</b>	Original Payment not found or original payment is more than 13 months old
<b>602</b>	<b>SWISH_REFUND_PAYER_ERROR</b>	Payer alias in the refund does not match the payee alias in the original payment

603	SWISH_REFUND_PAYER_ORGNR_ERROR	Payer organization number do not match original payment payee organization number
604	SWISH_REFUND_PAYEE_SSN_ERROR	The Payer SSN in the original payment is not the same as the SSN for the current Payee

## GLOSSARY

N = Number

D = Date in the ISO-8601 extended date format, E8601DAw ("yyyy-MM-dd"), e.g. "2011-09-17"

AN = Alphanumeric

MAC = Message Authentication Key

Secret Word = Used in calculating the MAC, unique for each Merchant

Paypage = Payment selection page, where the buyer chooses which payment method to use

## APPENDIX 2

### BASIC CARD PAYMENTS

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<payment>
<paymentmethod>SVEACARDPAY</paymentmethod>
<currency>SEK</currency>
<amount>500</amount>
<vat>100</vat>
<customerrefno>unique_id</customerrefno>
<returnurl>https://webpaypaymentgatewaystage.svea.com/webpay-
admin/admin/merchantresponsetest.xhtml</returnurl>
</payment>
```

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<payment>
<paymentmethod>KORTCERT</paymentmethod>
<currency>SEK</currency>
<amount>500</amount>
<vat>100</vat>
<customerrefno>unique_id</customerrefno>
<returnurl>https://webpaypaymentgatewaystage.svea.com/webpay-
admin/admin/merchantresponsetest.xhtml</returnurl>
</payment>
```

**BASIC DIRECT BANK PAYMENTS**

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<payment>
<paymentmethod>DBDANSKEBANKSE</paymentmethod>
<currency>SEK</currency>
<amount>500</amount>
<vat>100</vat>
<customerrefno>unique_id</customerrefno>
<returnurl>https://webpaypaymentgatewaystage.svea.com/webpay-
admin/admin/merchantresponsetest.xhtml</returnurl>
</payment>
```

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<payment>
<paymentmethod>DBNORDEAFI</paymentmethod>
<currency>EUR</currency>
<amount>500</amount>
<vat>100</vat>
<customerrefno>unique_id</customerrefno>
<returnurl>https://webpaypaymentgatewaystage.svea.com/webpay-
admin/admin/merchantresponsetest.xhtml</returnurl>
</payment>
```

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<payment>
<paymentmethod>DBNORDEASE</paymentmethod>
<currency>SEK</currency>
<amount>500</amount>
<vat>100</vat>
<customerrefno>unique_id</customerrefno>
<returnurl>https://webpaypaymentgatewaystage.svea.com/webpay-
admin/admin/merchantresponsetest.xhtml</returnurl>
</payment>
```

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<payment>
<paymentmethod>DBPOHJOLAFI</paymentmethod>
<currency>EUR</currency>
<amount>500</amount>
<vat>100</vat>
<customerrefno>unique_id</customerrefno>
<returnurl>https://webpaypaymentgatewaystage.svea.com/webpay-
admin/admin/merchantresponsetest.xhtml</returnurl>
</payment>
```

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<payment>
<paymentmethod>DBSEBSE</paymentmethod>
<currency>SEK</currency>
<amount>500</amount>
<vat>100</vat>
<customerrefno>unique_id</customerrefno>
```

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```
<returnurl>https://webpaypaymentgatewaystage.svea.com/webpay-admin/admin/merchantresponsetest.xhtml</returnurl>
</payment>
```

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<payment>
<paymentmethod>DBSEBFTGSE</paymentmethod>
<currency>SEK</currency>
<amount>500</amount>
<vat>100</vat>
<customerrefno>unique_id</customerrefno>
<returnurl>https://webpaypaymentgatewaystage.svea.com/webpay-admin/admin/merchantresponsetest.xhtml</returnurl>
</payment>
```

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<payment>
<paymentmethod>DBSHBSE</paymentmethod>
<currency>SEK</currency>
<amount>500</amount>
<vat>100</vat>
<customerrefno>unique_id</customerrefno>
<returnurl>https://webpaypaymentgatewaystage.svea.com/webpay-admin/admin/merchantresponsetest.xhtml</returnurl>
</payment>
```

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<payment>
<paymentmethod>DBSWEDBANKSE</paymentmethod>
<currency>SEK</currency>
<amount>500</amount>
<vat>100</vat>
<customerrefno>unique_id</customerrefno>
<returnurl>https://webpaypaymentgatewaystage.svea.com/webpay-admin/admin/merchantresponsetest.xhtml</returnurl>
</payment>
```

**BASIC INVOICES AND PAYMENT PLANS***INVOICES*

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<payment>
<paymentmethod>SVEAINVOICEEU_SE</paymentmethod>
<currency>SEK</currency>
<amount>500</amount>
<vat>100</vat>
<customerrefno>unique_id</customerrefno>
<returnurl>https://webpaypaymentgatewaystage.svea.com/webpay-
admin/admin/merchantresponsetest.xhtml</returnurl>
<customer>
<ssn>460509-2222</ssn>
<country>SE</country>
</customer>
</payment>
```

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<payment>
<paymentmethod>SVEAINVOICEEU_NO</paymentmethod>
<currency>NOK</currency>
<amount>500</amount>
<vat>100</vat>
<customerrefno>unique_id</customerrefno>
<returnurl>https://webpaypaymentgatewaystage.svea.com/webpay-
admin/admin/merchantresponsetest.xhtml</returnurl>
<customer>
<ssn>17054512066</ssn>
<country>NO</country>
</customer>
</payment>
```

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<payment>
<paymentmethod>SVEAINVOICEEU_FI</paymentmethod>
<currency>EUR</currency>
<amount>500</amount>
<vat>100</vat>
<customerrefno>unique_id</customerrefno>
<returnurl>https://webpaypaymentgatewaystage.svea.com/webpay-
admin/admin/merchantresponsetest.xhtml</returnurl>
<customer>
<ssn>160264-999N</ssn>
<country>FI</country>
</customer>
</payment>
```

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<payment>
<paymentmethod>SVEAINVOICEEU_DE</paymentmethod>
<currency>EUR</currency>
<amount>500</amount>
<vat>100</vat>
```

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```
<customerrefno>unique_id</customerrefno>
<returnurl>https://webpaypaymentgatewaystage.svea.com/webpay-
admin/admin/merchantresponsetest.xhtml</returnurl>
<customer>
<firstname>Theo</firstname>
<lastname>Giebel</lastname>
<ssn>19680403</ssn>
<address>Zörgiebelweg</address>
<houenumber>21</houenumber>
<zip>13591</zip>
<city>BERLIN</city>
<country>DE</country>
</customer>
</payment>
```

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<payment>
<paymentmethod>SVEAINVOICEEU_NL</paymentmethod>
<currency>EUR</currency>
<amount>500</amount>
<vat>100</vat>
<customerrefno>unique_id</customerrefno>
<returnurl>https://webpaypaymentgatewaystage.svea.com/webpay-
admin/admin/merchantresponsetest.xhtml</returnurl>
<customer>
<firstname>Sneider</firstname>
<lastname>Boasman</lastname>
<initials>S</initials>
<ssn>19550307</ssn>
<address>Gate 42</address>
<houenumber>23</houenumber>
<zip>1102 HG</zip>
<city>BARENDRECHT</city>
<country>NL</country>
</customer>
</payment>
```

*INVOICES WHERE THE CUSTOMER IS A COMPANY*

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<payment>
<paymentmethod>SVEAINVOICEEU_SE</paymentmethod>
<currency>SEK</currency>
<amount>500</amount>
<vat>100</vat>
<customerrefno>unique_id</customerrefno>
<returnurl>https://webpaypaymentgatewaystage.svea.com/webpay-
admin/admin/merchantresponsetest.xhtml</returnurl>
<iscompany>true</iscompany>
<customer>
<ssn>4608142222</ssn>
<country>SE</country>
</customer>
</payment>
```

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<payment>
<paymentmethod>SVEAINVOICEEU_NO</paymentmethod>
<currency>NOK</currency>
<amount>500</amount>
<vat>100</vat>
<customerrefno>unique_id</customerrefno>
<returnurl>https://webpaypaymentgatewaystage.svea.com/webpay-
admin/admin/merchantresponsetest.xhtml</returnurl>
<iscompany>true</iscompany>
<customer>
<ssn>923313850</ssn>
<country>NO</country>
</customer>
</payment>
```

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<payment>
<paymentmethod>SVEAINVOICEEU_FI</paymentmethod>
<currency>EUR</currency>
<amount>500</amount>
<vat>100</vat>
<customerrefno>unique_id</customerrefno>
<returnurl>https://webpaypaymentgatewaystage.svea.com/webpay-
admin/admin/merchantresponsetest.xhtml</returnurl>
<iscompany>true</iscompany>
<customer>
<ssn>9999999-2</ssn>
<country>FI</country>
</customer>
</payment>
```

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<payment>
<paymentmethod>SVEAINVOICEEU_DE</paymentmethod>
<currency>EUR</currency>
<amount>500</amount>
<vat>100</vat>
<customerrefno>unique_id</customerrefno>
<returnurl>https://webpaypaymentgatewaystage.svea.com/webpay-
admin/admin/merchantresponsetest.xhtml</returnurl>
<iscompany>true</iscompany>
<customer>
<companyname>K. H. Maier gmbH</companyname>
<address>Adalbertsteinweg</address>
<houenumber>1</houenumber>
<zip>52070</zip>
<city>AACHEN</city>
<country>DE</country>
<companyid>1</companyid>
<vatnumber>DE123456789</vatnumber>
</customer>
</payment>
```



**57 (58) Payment Gateway API V 2.8.8**

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<payment>
<paymentmethod>SVEAINVOICEEU_NL</paymentmethod>
<currency>EUR</currency>
<amount>500</amount>
<vat>100</vat>
<customerrefno>unique_id</customerrefno>
<returnurl>https://webpaypaymentgatewaystage.svea.com/webpay-
admin/admin/merchantresponsetest.xhtml</returnurl>
<iscompany>true</iscompany>
<customer>
<companyname>Svea bakkerij 123</companyname>
<address>broodstraat 236</address>
<hounumber>1</hounumber>
<zip>1111 CD</zip>
<city>BARENDRECHT</city>
<country>NL</country>
<companyid>1</companyid>
<vatnumber>NL123456789A12</vatnumber>
</customer>
</payment>
```

*PAYMENT PLANS*

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<payment>
<paymentmethod>SVEASPLITEU_SE</paymentmethod>
<currency>SEK</currency>
<amount>200000</amount>
<vat>40000</vat>
<customerrefno>unique_id</customerrefno>
<returnurl>https://webpaypaymentgatewaystage.svea.com/webpay-
admin/admin/merchantresponsetest.xhtml</returnurl>
<customer>
<ssn>460509-2222</ssn>
<country>SE</country>
</customer>
<campaigncode>213060</campaigncode>
</payment>
```

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<payment>
<paymentmethod>SVEASPLITEU_NO</paymentmethod>
<currency>NOK</currency>
<amount>200000</amount>
<vat>40000</vat>
<customerrefno>unique_id</customerrefno>
<returnurl>https://webpaypaymentgatewaystage.svea.com/webpay-
admin/admin/merchantresponsetest.xhtml</returnurl>
<customer>
<ssn>17054512066</ssn>
<country>NO</country>
</customer>
<campaigncode>210012</campaigncode>
</payment>
```

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<payment>
<paymentmethod>SVEASPLITEU_FI</paymentmethod>
<currency>EUR</currency>
<amount>200000</amount>
<vat>40000</vat>
<customerrefno>unique_id</customerrefno>
<returnurl>https://webpaypaymentgatewaystage.svea.com/webpay-
admin/admin/merchantresponsetest.xhtml</returnurl>
<customer>
<ssn>160264-999N</ssn>
<country>FI</country>
</customer>
<campaigncode>210012</campaigncode>
</payment>
```